What Is a Community?

There are many kinds of communities. One kind of community is a group of people who share the same interests.

Some people work together to help others. Hospital volunteers may help people get around. They help one or two days each week. Other people help only in times of need. They may fill and haul sandbags to stop the flooding after a bad storm. They may also build houses for people who need a better place to live. These kinds of groups are helping communities.

Other groups get together to have fun. One of these groups may like to watch birds. They may look for hawks and other birds while walking in the woods.

110

People who like sports are still another type of group. These people like being active. They play and practice sports together. A baseball pitcher or a soccer player belongs to a sports group.

People in a community enjoy the same things. They can learn from one another. Many long-lasting friendships start in a community. What communities do you belong to?

175

Teacher/Grade

1. MONITOR ORAL READING FLUENCY

To monitor student progress, use two copies of the passage, one for you and one for the student. On your copy of the passage, record the student's oral reading behaviors and the minutes and seconds required for the student to read the entire passage.

Note expression, phrasing, and miscues.

INTRODUCE THE PASSAGE

Say: In this passage, "What Is a Community?" you will read about different kinds of communities. Read aloud to find out the types of communities to which people belong. You may begin now.

RATE Use the student's oral reading time to circle the Words Per Minute (WPM) range. After the assessment, determine and record the student's exact WPM.

175 (Total Words Read) ÷ _____ total seconds = ____ × 60 = ____ WPM

| Rate | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Minutes:Seconds | 2:57 or more | 2:56–2:21 | 2:20-1:40 | 1:39 or less |
| WPM | 59 or fewer | 60–74 | 75–105 | 106 or more |

ACCURACY Circle the number of miscues that are not self-corrected and record the percent of accuracy.

| Accuracy | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 | INDEPENDE | NT | 4 ADV | ANCED |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|----|-----------|-----|-------|-------|
| Number of Miscues | 10 or more | 8–9 | 7 | 5–6 | 3–4 | 1–2 | 0 |
| Percent of Accuracy | 94 or less | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

If the student's percent of accuracy or rate is below the instructional range, reassess with a lower-level passage to determine an instructional reading level.

_____ Expression and phrasing need attention.

What Is a Community?

| Teacher/Grade | Teac | her/ | 'Gra | de |
|---------------|------|------|------|----|
|---------------|------|------|------|----|

2. MONITOR COMPREHENSION

Circle the descriptors that best reflect the student's responses. Possible Independent responses for Sections 2 and 3 are provided. Accept other appropriate responses. The student may use the passage when responding.

SUMMARIZE Important/Main Idea Say: What is the main, or most important, idea of this passage? (Possible responses: A community can be people who share interests.)

| Comprehension | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------------|--|
| Summarize: Main Idea | Identifies vague, inaccurate idea or does not respond | Gives a partially correct response, such as identifies a less important idea; may misinterpret information | | Identifies the main idea including details and specific vocabulary from the text |

SUMMARIZE Details Say: *Tell me two things in this passage that people do in communities.* (Possible responses: *People work together to help others. People have fun together.*)

| Comprehension | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------|--|
| Summarize: Details | details or does not respond | Gives a partially correct response, such as identifies 1 of 2 details; may misinterpret information | | Identifies 2 details using specific vocabulary from the text |

3. IN-DEPTH PROGRESS MONITORING

The items below provide more in-depth progress monitoring of specific skills. The student may use the passage when responding.

COMPREHENSION Draw Conclusions

- Say: Why do you think people join communities? (Possible response: People join communities to be with other people who like to do the same things.)
- Say: Why do you think members of a community often become friends? (Possible response: Members become friends because they spend time together. Members become friends because they have common interests.)

| Comprehension | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
|------------------|--|-----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Draw Conclusions | Is not able to draw a conclusion or does not respond | | conclusion using information | Draws a perceptive conclusion using information and specific vocabulary from the text for each question |

VOCABULARY Multiple-Meaning Words

- Point to the word pitcher in the fourth paragraph. Say: This is the word pitcher. What is the meaning of pitcher in this passage? (a baseball player who throws, or pitches, a ball to a batter) What is another meaning for the word pitcher? (Possible response: container for holding liquids)
- Point to the word can in the fifth paragraph. Say: This is the word can. What is the meaning of can in this passage? (to be able to do something) What is another meaning for the word can? (Possible response: a metal container)

| Vocabulary | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| Multiple-Meaning Words | meanings, or does not respond | ' ' | Gives the intended meaning for each word | Gives the intended meaning and 1 additional meaning for each word |

• End the conference.

WORD READING Vowel Patterns *al*, *au*, *aw* Return to the Record of Oral Reading to determine whether the student read these words correctly: *walking*, *baseball*, *haul*, *hawks*.

| Word Reading | 1 INTERVENTION | 2 INSTRUCTIONAL | 3 INDEPENDENT | 4 ADVANCED |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| , | Does not read any words accurately or omits them | Reads 1–3 of the 4 words accurately | · | Reads all 4 words accurately and automatically |